Case Study of a High Wind Event Off the Coast of the Prince Olav Mountains, Antarctica

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Photo: Melissa Nigro

Outline

- Motivation: Local jets over the RIS
- Sabrina AWS: High Wind Event
- Tip Jet: What is this?
- Conclusion



Sabrina AWS

Geography



Motivation



Ross Ice Shelf Local jets

Figure courtesy of Mark Seefeldt

Mean annual wind speeds for the lowest sigma level (approximately 11-13 m AGL) from the AMPS 30 km archive for 2001 - 2005. Contour lines are in intervals of 2.5 m s-1.

Sabrina AWS: High Wind



12 UTC



21 UTC

Barrier Wind Development



21 UTC

Barrier Wind Development

Magnitude of Wind Speed (ms-1) Parallel to Cross Section: 9-5-2009 21UTC



nigh vvind Event: 9-5-2009 21 UTC Barrier Wind Development

Winds at Pressure Levels (grid)



O3 UTC



Barrier Wind Event: 9-6-2009 Barrier Wind + Tip Jets



Greenland Reverse Tip Jet



Moore, G. W. K., I. A. Renfrew, 2005: Tip Jets and Barrier Winds: A QuikSCAT Climatology of High Wind Speed Events around Greenland. *J. Climate*, **18**, 3713–3725.

Prince Olav Mtns. Tip Jet





Conclusions

• Forcing for the high wind event at Sabrina AWS:

- Katabatic winds
- Synoptic circulation / blocked flow
- Barrier winds
 - Enhanced by mesoscale surface low over the RIS
- Topographic influences from the Prince Olav Mountains

• The acceleration downstream of the Prince Olav Mountains is consistent with the dynamics of a Greenland reverse tip jet

• Due to unique topography, three tip jets are induced along the base of the Transantarctic Mountains in this events



Questions?

Photo: Melissa Nigro